

July 2018

True (A) or false (B):

The Life Esidimeni tragedy Arbitration award: A step in the direction of justice

1. The Life Esidimeni tragedy claims included Constitutional damages.
2. The Arbitration award is not binding.

Life Esidimeni deaths: Can the former MEC for health and public health officials escape liability for the deaths of the mental-health patients on the basis of obedience to superior orders' or because the officials under them were negligent?

3. The law regarding 'superior orders' has only been used in criminal cases, and similar principles will not apply to civil actions for delict.
4. There is evidence to support the fact that the Auditor General pressurised the former MEC of health to terminate the contract with Life Esidimeni.

Healthcare in crisis: A shameful disrespect of our Constitution

5. 84% of patients in South Africa access healthcare in the public sector.
6. The International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (ICESCR) of 1966 is silent on healthcare.

Employer-generated complaints to the statutory registration authority: The regulatory framework for the supervision of employed health professionals in the South African public sector

7. Professional boards of the HPCSA do not have the power to register or de-register health professionals.
8. Section 196 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa establishes the Public Service Commission.

Legal implications of data sharing in biobanking research in low-income settings: The Nigerian experience

9. Increasingly, biobanks have become a strategic tool in the field of biotechnology and genomics.
10. Sharing data and samples in genomics research raises a number of challenges including those associated with consent, privacy and the collection, storage and release of genomic data.

What the contract does not say... A current analysis of what's missing in clinical trial agreements

11. Clinical trial litigation has not increased over the last few years.
12. There is evidence of data being obscured to downplay risks in some studies.

Human guinea pigs? The ethics of undergraduate and postgraduate student involvement in medical training in South Africa

13. There is no power asymmetry in the doctor-patient relationship.
14. Patients are vulnerable because of the psychosocial implications of disease.

The need to develop objective criteria for suitability as a surrogate mother: Reflections on *Ex Parte KAF*

15. There is a hiatus in South African law on surrogate motherhood.
16. Objectivity as an expert in court means being free from the influence of personal considerations in the exercise of professional skills and judgement.

Should the state fund assisted reproductive technologies for HIV-discordant couples in South Africa who want to have children?

17. Maternal mortality in South Africa has stabilised and is lower than the targets set by the Millennium Development Goals.
18. Distributive justice is defined as fair, equitable and appropriate distribution determined by justified norms that structure the terms of social co-operation.

Is there room for religious ethics in South African abortion law?

19. Most countries in Africa have overly restrictive abortion laws.
20. In terms of South African law, legal personhood and all accompanying rights are assigned at conception.

A maximum of 6 CEUs will be awarded per correctly completed test.

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